

Comprehensive Course Syllabus

Course Title
GERMAN I (WLG 310)
2018-19

Course Description:

In German I, students begin to develop proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing. Topics revolve around the students' immediate world, including self, family, friends, school and home communities, interests and food, transportation, holidays, seasons, weather, clothes, and leisure time activities. Students build good pronunciation and listening skills, and read simple authentic texts. In addition, this course seeks to develop and enhance an understanding of the diverse cultures of the German speaking world.

INSTRUCTOR

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Meeting Days, Time and Room(s)

WLG310-101	ABCD	mod 3	A123
WLG310-102	ABCD	mod 7	A123

Texts / Materials:

- *Geni@l. A German Course for Young People*. Textbook A1. Langenscheidt KG, Berlin and Munich, 2003.
- Any pocket size German-English/English German dictionary (strongly recommended: Langenscheidt's Pocket Dictionary ISBN: 1-58573-050-5 or Collins German Concise Dictionary ISBN: 978-0-06-114183-6).
- Various supplementary grammar packets, exercises, teacher generated handouts, authentic reading and listening materials selected by the instructor.
- 1" three-ring binder, with loose-leaf paper to be used only for German I class.
- Pens and pencils.
- Laptop computer for projects.
- Additional instructor-created materials will be made available as needed on Moodle <http://courses.imsa.edu> under IMSA Courses =>World Languages => Deutsch I 2018-19. The enrollment key is "deutsch1"

Essential Content:

At the Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy®, one of our main objectives in teaching foreign languages is for students to engage, on a deep, intellectual, and personal

level, in new ways of seeing, thinking, interacting, and communicating. In order for this objective to be realized, students must encounter a communicative system and cultural perspectives different from their own. It is essential for our students' growth that they engage in immersion-based learning experiences where they are supported in going beyond normal comfort levels, and where they learn to function within a system that is unfamiliar to them, thereby developing real-world proficiency in another language and in other cultures.

As a result of language learning, our students think and act globally, are cosmopolitan in their outlook, and international in their understanding. They will be ethical leaders who advance the human condition. When students speak another language, they think and act differently. Their perspective is widened and horizons are expanded. Students have a greater capacity to empathize, to make friends, to imagine "what it would be like" to be in another person's shoes. Imagination is stretched. Students no longer see "aliens" or "others", but rather they see real people with differences and similarities. If students stop studying a language, they may forget the words and grammar details. However, learning another language and its culture(s), learning how to effectively communicate with other human beings, and learning how meaning is constructed through words other than one's native tongue, will remain for a lifetime.

The IMSA World Language Learning Standards, in which the five unifying concepts (communication, cultures, communities, comparisons, and connection) are embedded, are the guiding principles of the program. Our standards are adapted from Standards for foreign language learning: Preparing for the 21st century, National Standards in Foreign Language Education Project, 1996.

Students studying foreign language at IMSA will:

- A. communicate in multiple modes (interpersonal, interpretive, and presentational).
- B. understand the relationships among the practices, products, and perspectives of the cultures studied.
- C. reinforce and further knowledge of other disciplines through the foreign language.
- D. acquire information and recognize the distinctive viewpoints that are only available through the foreign language and its cultures.
- E. understand the nature of language through comparisons of their own language and the language studied.
- F. understand the concept of culture through comparisons of their own culture and the cultures studied.
- G. use knowledge of language and culture both within and beyond the school setting for personal enjoyment and enrichment.

In addition, the WL team guides students in the development of their meta-cognitive skills, their ability to collaborate, and their ability to accurately assess learning--skills which are applicable to all of their learning experiences.

Standards of Significant Learning and Outcomes:

I.A. Students are expected to demonstrate automaticity in skills, concepts, and processes that enable complex thought by

- ❖ controlling the linguistic system (syntax, morphology, phonology, semantics, lexis)
- ❖ engaging in oral and written discourse
- ❖ using strategies that enhance the effectiveness of communication
- ❖ applying content knowledge to create with the target language.
- ❖ providing and obtaining information
- ❖ decoding written and spoken language on a variety of topics
- ❖ presenting information, concepts, and ideas to an audience of listeners or readers on a variety of topics
- ❖ transferring content knowledge in alternative scenarios and new problems

II. A. Students are expected to identify unexamined cultural, historical, and personal assumptions and misconceptions that impede and skew inquiry by

- ❖ recognizing that language learning is not simply a word-for-word translation process, but rather the acquisition of an entirely new set of concepts
- ❖ processing information on the nature of language and/or culture
- ❖ identifying patterns among language systems

IV.B. Students are expected to write and speak with power, economy, and elegance by

- ❖ providing and obtaining information
- ❖ presenting information, concepts, and ideas to an audience of listeners or readers on a variety of topics
- ❖ controlling the linguistic system (syntax, morphology, phonology, semantics, lexis)
- ❖ using strategies that enhance the effectiveness of communication
- ❖ engaging in oral and written discourse on given topics
- ❖ recognizing the linguistic and cultural differences that contribute to the distinctive viewpoints that are only available through the foreign language and its cultures
- ❖ compensating for linguistic inadequacies and cultural differences when they occur, and applying knowledge of cultural perspectives governing interactions between individuals of different age, status, and background

IV.D. Students are expected to develop an aesthetic awareness and capability by

- ❖ recognizing that language learning is not a word-for-word translation process, but is the acquisition of an entirely new set of concepts.
- ❖ recognizing that people of other cultures view the world from a perspective different from their own
- ❖ experiencing more fully the artistic and cultural creations of other cultures

VA. Students are expected to identify, understand, and accept the rights and responsibilities of belonging to a diverse community by

- ❖ recognizing the existence of other peoples' world views, their unique way of life, and the patterns of behavior which order their world
- ❖ assessing the linguistic and cultural differences that contribute to the distinctive viewpoints that are only available through the foreign language and its cultures
- ❖ engaging in oral and written discourse
- ❖ providing and obtaining information
- ❖ expressing feelings and emotions
- ❖ exchanging opinions
- ❖ compensating for linguistic inadequacies and cultural differences when they occur, and applying knowledge of cultural perspectives governing interactions between individuals of different age, status, and background
- ❖ explaining the process of stereotyping and the role stereotypes play in forming and sustaining prejudice
- ❖ demonstrating mutual cultural understanding and respect
- ❖ engaging in meaningful direct interactions with members of other cultures
- ❖ sharing their knowledge of language and culture

Instructional Design and Approach

World Languages teachers establish an immersion classroom where the goal is correct, uninhibited, creative expression and communication in the target language. "Communication" includes speaking, reading, listening, and writing. We denote, and help students to develop skills in, three modes of communication: presentational, interpersonal, and interpretive. Our instructional design provides the opportunity for students to develop core competency learner characteristics. We empower and enable students to discover what they personally need in order to acquire and use a foreign language; we place responsibility on the individual student to collaborate, utilize problem-solving skills, and critical and creative thinking. We ask students to persist through frustration, and to maintain a tolerance for ambiguity; we demand that they look at problematic situations from various viewpoints and perspectives, and we design instruction so that they must develop and go beyond automaticity, actively construct meaning, seek connections and interactions that deepen understanding, and appreciate the value of knowledge from multiple sources and perspectives. We help students develop the cultural sensitivity that is necessary to guard against miscommunication or misunderstanding. We assume that students will display the motivation, maturity, and personal responsibility necessary to participate in this sort of language acquisition environment. The *Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary* defines "immerse" as "to plunge into something that surrounds or covers" and "immersion" as "an act of immersing; a state of being immersed." Immersion means that you will be surrounded and covered by German at a level that is appropriate for you!

Student Expectations:

You are expected to be a positive contributor to the community of learners that is the German I class. As a student of German at IMSA, you develop communicative competency within the immersion environment of our classroom. You are expected to speak German to the best of your ability and do not speak English unless instructed to do so. You are expected to be in class daily, to be punctual, and to be prepared, i.e. assignments completed, and in possession of materials that the teacher has prepared or distributed which are necessary for participation in class. You should understand that assignments are not only written documents which are periodically collected for review by the teacher, but also include thinking about language, practicing, learning, studying, and memorizing.

Academic Honesty:

IMSA students are expected to conduct themselves in accordance with five fundamental values: honesty, trust, fairness, respect, and responsibility. Students are to act so that they are worthy of the trust bestowed on them by teachers and peers, conduct themselves honestly, and carry out their responsibilities with honor and fairness. At the minimum, students involved in breaches of academic integrity will receive a failing grade for the assignment with the possibility of a lower or failing course grade.

Cheating, plagiarism, and inappropriate collaboration are examples of a breach of academic integrity. Cheating includes: copying another person's work and representing it as your own; acting contrary to the teachers instructions regarding collaboration; seeking unfair advantage, use notes on the test (unless permitted), getting exam questions from an earlier test taker, and aiding and abetting another in cheating.

Specific examples of cheating in the foreign language classroom include: using an English version of a foreign language text and using an online translator for more than individual words. When in doubt, ask the teacher for clarification.

Immersion environment:

The German program at IMSA is based on immersion in the language. It means that you will be surrounded and covered by German at a level that is appropriate for you.

In our immersion-based classroom, our primary emphasis is on comprehension and communication in German. Communication should be understood to include spoken German, but also reading, aural comprehension and written communication. These forms of communication will often be referred to as interpersonal communication, presentational communication, and interpretive communication.

Our primary language for oral and written communication will be German. The basic expectation is that English is never used when the class is in the language production/acquisition mode. The only instances that you will ever hear or use English during class are:

- When we check understanding of reading or listening texts (interpretive mode of communication).
- When we review learning strategies.
- When we discuss assessment expectations.

Unnecessary use of English will have a detrimental effect on your language acquisition and your grade. In other words, your written work may be excellent, but if you regularly break into English during small group activities, don't expect to receive an A. In addition, you are expected to speak German informally with your instructor, classmates and upper level students.

The amount of time outside of class that a student requires to become proficient in German varies from individual to individual. A reasonable expectation is that German I students spend 15 to 30 minutes outside of class per day doing homework, reviewing and practicing the language. Shorter daily study sessions are much more conducive to language acquisition than one or two longer periods during the week. Class time and study time outside of class should be constructed essentially as time devoted to practice in which the various skills can be refined in order to ensure success at the time of assessment.

Active class participation is essential to your success and to the success of the course.

Attendance Expectations:

Students are expected to be in all classes on time and for the entire time, unless properly excused by the Academy via the Attendance, Nurse's, Counselors' or Principal's Office. All students should arrive in their assigned classroom location prior to start of class. Unexcused tardiness is disruptive to the instructional process and forces the teacher into unnecessary repetition. If a student is more than 10 minutes late for a class, the unexcused tardy may change to an unexcused absence. I will not inform you if you have too many tardies or absences; it is the responsibility of students and parents to check the attendance record in Power School. If you are absent, it is your responsibility to turn homework in as soon as possible, to inform yourself of what we did in class, and to obtain the new homework. I cannot replicate what we did in class so you must make every effort to be ready to work and participate in class on the day of your return. Long-term absences due to illness will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis.

Assessment Practices, Procedures, and Processes:

Assessment involves both the teacher and the student. The teacher provides regular feedback on student performance. The student follows through on the teacher's feedback, and engages in self-assessment. Emphasis is on continued efforts to improve language proficiency. Students are assessed **daily** through their participation and engagement in the production of written and spoken language, and on reading and listening comprehension. Essential elements of effective communication are comprehensibility and comprehension, language control, creative use of vocabulary in context, communication strategies and cultural awareness. To measure your developing proficiency in German our assessments will reflect one of the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpersonal and presentational. You will receive feedback after performing each task to help you prepare for completion of the subsequent task as all tasks within a thematic unit are interrelated and built upon one another. In the same

way that no skill exists in isolation as the language is being acquired, we will try to assess your integrated, natural progression. A variety of assessment tools will be used, including:

- individual, paired and small group work
- informal conversations in small and large groups
- in-class discussions and presentations
- video and audio recordings of conversations and discussions
- writing samples and compositions
- reading and listening comprehension
- grammar quizzes
- group projects
- daily in-class language production

Our major assessments will be structured around three modes of communication. Your final course grade will be based on total points in the following categories:

- Interpretive assessments (listening and reading comprehension)
- Interpersonal communication (spoken and written two-way communication)
- Presentational tasks (spoken and written one-way communication)
- Grammar quizzes
- Homework assignments
- In-class written and oral language production

Interpretive communication will be assessed on a daily basis by means of student comprehension in teacher/student and student/student conversation, listening to audio/video discs and tapes, carrying out tasks based on oral discourse, and various aural activities.

Interpersonal and oral presentational communication will be assessed by means of informal checks of in-class conversations, and by more formal video taped or recorded conversations and presentations.

Written presentational communication will be assessed by means of regular writing assignments and occasional projects. Students should focus on accuracy in syntax, spelling, incorporating new and old grammatical structures, and use of new and old vocabulary in an appropriate context.

You will be regularly asked to self-assess your learning, to engage in peers' critic and reflect on your learning experience. Throughout the year you will create an electronic portfolio of video and audio assessments and a portfolio of written work which will allow you to reflect on your progress.

In order for you to clearly understand what constitutes the targeted outcome of your learning experience, what meets, does not meet or exceeds expectations for your level, you will receive rubrics for interpretive, interpersonal and presentational modes, which are meant as a constant reminder of what the components of effective communication are for the communicative task in which you participate and which Standards of Significant Learning are targeted in this learning experience.

You need to refer to those rubrics to see what performance constitutes a particular grade (exceeds expectations = A, meets expectations=B, B+ (strong) or B- (weak), does not meet expectations =C).

All assignments will be awarded a 10, 20, or 30 point value, depending on the length of the assignment, and the time and effort required to produce the work. The point distribution relates to letter grades in the following manner:

(A+)	30	20	10
(A)	28.5	19	9.5
(A-)	27	18	9
(B+)	26.4	17.6	8.8
(B)	25.5	17	8.5
(B-)	24	16	8
(C+)	23.4	15.6	7.8
(C)	22.5	15	7.5
(C-)	21	14	7
(D)	0-20	0-13	0-6

Learner's responsibility:

Every two weeks, unless there is a major assessment scheduled, you will receive a grade for your in-class language production which will reflect your role as a learner in German class: speaking German only, listening to the instructor and your classmates, engaging in all activities, positive and open attitude, preparedness for class, timely completion of homework, your preparation outside of class (this allows you to participate fully and actively during each class session), effort, and attendance.

Homework:

You will have homework everyday. It may be written, oral, or simply review. Some assignments will be collected and graded; others, I will simply check to see you have completed it. Timely completion of homework is essential for successful participation in class. All assignments must be handed in on time. All assignments, hand-written or typed, and quizzes must be double-spaced. Please make every effort to write neatly and legibly. **If I cannot read your writing, I cannot assess your work.**

You will also do short written assignments of a paragraph or two, targeting a grammar structure or specific vocabulary. Shorter daily homework assignments will be worth 10 points. When I collect the homework, the breakdown of points will be as follows:

- 10-9 neat, complete, almost perfect
- 8-8.5 neat, almost complete, minimal errors
- 7-7.5 incomplete, with significant grammar errors related to the lesson
- 6-5 incomplete, not very legible, evidence of lack of effort or major miscomprehension of lesson
- 0 Student did not submit or complete assignment.

QUIZZES (*Teste dich!*) will be both graded and non-graded. I will collect those that will receive a letter grade. If you are absent on the day a quiz is given, you have 48 hours from the time of the quiz to make it up. However, it is your responsibility to make up the quiz. I will not approach you on this matter.

Sequence of Major Topics and Activities

The outline below indicates major topics and assessments. Further explanation, including targeted SSLs, grammar, vocabulary, and culture, will be provided at the start of each unit. Number of weeks indicated for each unit is an estimate and might be modified or changed.

Essential Question:

These are questions that are not answerable with finality in a brief sentence - and that's the point. Their aim is to stimulate thought, to provoke inquiry, and to spark more questions - including thoughtful student questions - not just pat answers. They are broad, full of transfer possibilities. The exploration of such questions enables us to *uncover* the real riches of a topic. Deep and transferable understandings depend upon framing work around such questions. Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe, *Understanding by Design*, Expanded 2nd Edition, p. 106

In German I, you will sometimes address essential questions in a homework assignment; other times, you will address them by way of class activities and summative performance assessments.

I. Greetings, introductions, basic questions. Wer bin ich? 3-4 weeks

- A. Interpretive communication: alphabet, spelling, cognates
- B. Baseline video assessment: a conversation with a random partner about who you are (interpersonal communication)
- C. Oral and written presentational communication: Das bin ich (communicate basic personal information; describe likes and dislikes using the verb *ich mag*)

Essential questions guiding this unit:

What are the similarities between German and English?
How do basic English and German structures compare?
How will students develop confidence to engage in conversation in German?
How one develops strategies to create own meaning in German?
How one learns to take responsibility for his or her learning?
How does a community of learners develop?

II. Meine Familie und meine Freunde. (My family and friends) 4-5 weeks

- A. Interpretive communication: reading and listening texts relating to the descriptions of a family; family tree.
- B. Interpersonal communication: a recorded, unscripted conversation about members of your family.
- C. Presentational communication: Create a book about your family.

Essential questions guiding this unit:

What role do I play in my family? What does my family mean to me?

How is the family life different in the target culture?

What is the makeup of a typical family in the target culture and how is it different from my own?

III. Mein Hund ist weg. My pets/my favorite animals. (1-2 weeks)

A. Interpretive communication: reading text “Die Deutschen und ihre Hunde.”

B. Interpersonal communication: exchange information about a pet/favorite animal.

C. Presentational communication (poster and oral presentation): Mein Hund ist weg!

Essential questions guiding this unit:

What role do pets play in family life?

How is the relationship with pets in the target culture?

Why do Germans adore their dogs?

IV. Weekend/leisure time activities (2 weeks).

A. Interpretive communication: reading and listening texts.

B. Interpersonal communication: plan a weekend together.

C. Presentational communication: letter to the teacher about typical weekend/favorite activities/hobbies and interests.

Essential questions guiding this unit:

What is the best way to spend leisure time?

How do life experiences shape our interests?

What sport and activities are integral part of the target culture?

V. Living at IMSA – my school day, my classes, my day at IMSA (3-4 weeks)

A. Interpersonal communication: spontaneous discussions about classes at IMSA.

B. Interpretive communication: description of pictures, authentic texts about typical school day in the target culture, videos about German school life

C. Presentational communication: Power Point and oral presentation about a typical day at IMSA

Essential questions guiding this unit:

How do my classes shape who I am?

How is the school day different in the target culture and what does it mean for the life of a typical teenager?

VI. Holiday Traditions in Germany and New Years resolutions. (4 -5 weeks).

A. Interpretive communication: Martinstag//Nicholaustag//Weihnachten; authentic texts and videos

B. Interpersonal communication: skits in pairs about St. Martin or Hexe Brunhilde (video assessment).

C. Presentational communication: a letter to a student in Germany about holiday traditions (final 1st semester project).

Essential questions guiding this unit:

What role do traditions play in a culture?

Do traditions evolve?

How are traditions/holidays different in the target culture?

VII. My room at home and at IMSA (3-4 weeks)

- A. Interpretive communication: description of pictures, comprehension questions, listening and reading texts.
- B. Interpersonal communication: students exchange information about their rooms; paired randomly students discuss their rooms at IMSA and compare them to their rooms at home.
- C. Presentational communication: students create and present to class a Photo Story/movie about their dorm rooms.

Essential questions guiding this unit:

How living and studying at IMSA shape who I am?

Is IMSA my second home?

How do living accommodations of a typical teenager in the USA and German speaking countries differ?

VIII. Meine Heimatstadt (my hometown) – 2-3 weeks

- A. Interpretive: students describe pictures about typical Illinois cities; answer comprehension questions; watch authentic videos and read authentic texts about German cities.
- B. Interpersonal: students exchange information about their hometowns; plan weekend together in their town
- C. Presentational: students create a poster or a Google sketch about their dream towns.

Essential questions guiding this unit:

How does my hometown/my community shape who I am, how do I spend my time, what I like and don't like to do?

Where do I come from? What does a term *hometown* mean to me?

Where is my *zuhause*? Is it a place or a feeling?

IX. Weather, seasons and the solar system (3-4 weeks)

- A. Interpretive communication: description of pictures, reading texts, video clips, songs.
- B. Interpersonal communication: exchange information about weather; discussions among the planets of the solar system.
- C. Presentational communication: Oral presentation and a book about planets.

Essential questions guiding this unit:

How do weather and climate conditions affect our activities and life style?

How do you use patterns and information to make predictions?

What are the basic characteristics of a planet?

How are planets in our solar system similar and different?

Why do people want to explore the universe? Why does everybody love Pluto?

X. Leisure time activities, including sports, hobbies, shopping, music, time with friends, intellectual and artistic activities (4-6 weeks).

- A. Interpersonal communication (in groups): plan a weekend together; exchange information on sports and activities in different seasons and different places; during vacation and during a school year.
- B. Interpretive communication: texts and videos about interests of German teens.
- C. Presentational communication: Collage reflecting two sides of your personality and essay based on the collage.

Essential questions guiding this unit:

What do leisure time activities tell us about the people and culture in which they live?

How do travel/life experiences shape our interests?

What sport and activities are integral part of the target culture?

Second semester final project:

- A. Interpersonal communication: In class conversations with classmates about one's personality, interests, life and world (based on the collage).
- B. Presentational communication: Das bin ich – an oral presentation based on the collage.

To reference IMSA's World Language Learning Standards:

www.imsa.edu/learning/standards/wlang.php

WAS, WAS, WAS IST DAS?

DAS IST DEUTSCH UND

DEUTSCH MACHT SPAß!